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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/652,202	09/02/2003	Yo Yanagida	06753.0562	1710
22852 75	90 03/29/2006		EXAM	INER
FINNEGAN, HENDERSON, FARABOW, GARRETT & DUNNER			LEE, BENJAMIN C	
LLP 901 NEW YOR	K AVENUE, NW		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
WASHINGTON, DC 20001-4413			2612	
			DATE MAILED: 03/29/2006	5

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)
Office Action Summary	10/652,202	YANAGIDA ET AL.
	Examiner	Art Unit
The MAILING DATE of this communication app	Benjamin C. Lee	2632
Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the	e correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS for a course the condition to be seen a ASANDO	ON. timely filed om the mailing date of this communication.
Status		
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 28 Ju	<u>ne 2005</u> .	
2a)⊠ This action is FINAL . 2b)□ This	action is non-final.	
3) Since this application is in condition for allowan	ce except for formal matters, p	prosecution as to the merits is
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11,	453 O.G. 213.
Disposition of Claims		
4) Claim(s) 1-9 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-9 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or		
Application Papers	·	
 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acception acception acception and acception acception acception to the drawing sheet(s) including the correction. 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. 	pted or b) objected to by the rawing(s) be held in abeyance. Seen is required if the drawing(s) is of	ee 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign p a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents if 2. Certified copies of the priority documents if 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau (* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	have been received. have been received in Applicat y documents have been receiv (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	tion No red in this National Stage
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	r (PTO-413) ate Patent Application (PTO-152)

Response to Amendment

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

1. Claims 1-3 and 5-9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Akiyama et la. (US pat. #6,842,108) in view of Kudo Hiroyuki (JP8-98277).

1) Regarding claim 1:

Akiyama et al. discloses a power line communication device for a vehicle, comprising: an internal electronic control unit (8) connected to a connection point on a direct-current power line (5), the internal electronic control unit (8) communicating with an external electronic control unit (7, 9) by a communication signal superimposed on a direct-current supply voltage applied to the direct-current power line (col. 4, lines 7-22); and an impedance element (11 of Fig. 2) configured to conduct a direct current.

While Akiyama et al. discloses a door ECU 9 for receiving communication signals over the vehicle power line 5 to control the external load in the form of the door locking/unlocking mechanism and receiving low-pass filtered (11) and regulated (13) power for powering the ECU 9 (Fig. 2 and col. 5, lines 5-50) that is inherently in proximity of the door locking/unlocking mechanism without specifying that the filtered or regulated power also powers the nearby door locking/unlocking mechanism, Hiroyuki teaches the specific known use of a load control by signal-over-powerline arrangement in which the filtered (12) power from the power line (1) powers the controlled load (4).

In view of the teachings by Akiyama et al. and Hiroyuki, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the claimed invention to provide power to the door locking/unlocking external load from the vehicle power line 5 after being isolated by LPF 11 or

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after the voltage regulator 13 in Fig. 2, depending on the voltage requirement, in Akiyama et al. using the teaching of Hiroyuki so that a separate vehicle power cable 5 is not required to power such external load. As such, the impedance element 11 would be inserted between the connection point and the external load (see Fig. 1 of Hiroyuki).

2) Regarding claims 2-3 and 5-6, Akiyama et al. and Hiroyuki render obvious all of the claimed subject matter as in claim 1, including:

--the claimed the impedance element comprises a coil connected in parallel with a capacitor (L1, C4 of Hiroyuki in Fig. 1); the claimed wherein the impedance element is configured to have higher impedance against non-direct current than against direct current (L1 in Fig. 1 of Hiroyuki); wherein the impedance element consists essentially of one or more coils connected in series between the connection point and the external load (L1 in Fig. 1 of Hiroyuki), and additionally with one ore more capacitors connected in parallel with the coils (C4 in Fig. 1 of Hiroyuki), whereby the capacitors are grounded (C4 in Fig. 1 of Hiroyuki shown connected to ground electrode of power line 1).

While Akiyama et al. teaches integrating the components in Fig. 2 onto an IC 9a for compact housing in a vehicle environment in such a way that an active filter using operational amplifier is used instead of an inductance element to implement Low Pass Filter 11 (col. 7, lines 44-48 and col. 2, lines 4-12), it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the claimed invention that application environments such as door locking/unlocking and control mechanisms which is usually in the vehicle door does not require such stringent compact housing restrictions as to necessitate integration on a IC in Akiyama et al., so that a known inductance element implemented filter as taught by Hiroyauki can be used as an alternative.

- 3) Regarding claim 9, Akiyama et al. and Hiroyuki render obvious all of the claimed subject matter as in claim 1, including:
- --the claimed wherein the impedance element is further connected in series with an external power line communication device (regulated power 13 feeding the external communication device in Fig. 2 of Akiyama et al.).
- 2. Claim 4 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Akiyama et la. (US pat. #6,842,108) in view of Kudo Hiroyuki and Buda (US pat. #6,549,120).
- 1) Regarding claim 4, Akiyama et al. and Hiroyuki render obvious all of the claimed subject matter as in claim 1:

While Akiyama et al. discloses using Frequency Hopping modulation onto the DC vehicle power line for communication and not the claimed amplitude-shift-key modulation (ASK), it has been well known that various modulation methods can be used on a power line to communication purposes, as long as the communication signals can be distinguished or supposed and extracted from the power line, and de Buda is one such example (col. 2, line 13 and col. 11, lines 30-33).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the claimed invention to use ASK as shown by de Buda in a vehicle DC-power line communication system such as taught by Akiyama et al. and Hiroyuki as an alternative choice based on various factors such as preference or compliance with existing system components or equipment without unexpected results.

Response to Arguments

- 3. Applicant's arguments filed 6/28/05 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.
- 1) Applicant's arguments are directed to the amended claims, which are rejected over new grounds of rejection using additional prior art. See above rejection for detail.

Conclusion

- 4. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.
 - 1) US pat. #5,031,082
- --A similar power line external load control system using ASK (Fig. 4 and col. 5, line 32).
 - 2) US 5,142,278
- --A similar vehicle power line load control system using impedance elements (Figs. 3 & 6).
 - 3) US 6,229,434
- --A similar vehicle power line communication system between internal and external devices (see figures).
- 5. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE

MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO

MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after

the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Benjamin C. Lee whose telephone number is (571) 272-2963. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon -Fri 11:00Am-7:30Pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Daniel Wu can be reached on (571) 272-2964. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Benjamin C. Lee Primary Examiner Art Unit 2632